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Field Manual FM 3-98
Reconnaissance and
Security Operations July
2015 United States Army
2015-08-08 This
publication, Field
Manual FM 3-98
Reconnaissance and
Security Operations July
2015, provides doctrinal
guidance and direction
for Cavalry
organizations, as well
as reconnaissance and
security organizations.
This FM establishes the
foundation for the
development of tactics
and procedures in
subordinate doctrine
publications. This
publication applies
across the range of
military operations.
While the main focus of
this field manual is
Cavalry formations
within the units listed
below, all maneuver
formations must be able
to conduct
reconnaissance and
security tasks. -
Armored brigade combat
team (ABCT) Cavalry
squadron. - Infantry
brigade combat team
(IBCT) Cavalry squadron.
- Stryker brigade combat
team (SBCT) Cavalry

squadron. - Battlefield
surveillance brigade
(BFSB) Cavalry squadron.
- It is applicable to
the- - Scout platoon of
maneuver battalions. -
Combat aviation brigade
air squadron. The
principal audiences for
FM 3-98 are commanders,
leaders, and staffs
responsible for the
planning, execution, or
support of
reconnaissance and
security operations as
well as instructors
charged with teaching
reconnaissance and
security operations.
Doctrine consists of
fundamental principles
that describe how to
fight. At the tactical
level, doctrine consists
of authoritative
principles concerning
how to execute
reconnaissance and
security operations as
part of Army and joint
operations that require
professional military
judgment in their
application.
Importantly, our
doctrine must describe
how brigade combat teams
(BCT) and subordinate
units combine the

capabilities of various arms into cohesive, combined arms, air-ground teams and provide a clear description of how to execute reconnaissance and security operations. This publication provides the commander and staff of Cavalry formations with doctrine relevant to Army and joint operations. This publication explains how effective reconnaissance and security operations generate depth, allow commanders reaction time and maneuver space, fight for information and collect information through stealth, protect against surprise, ease the forward movement of follow-on forces, and provide commanders with flexibility and adaptability. The doctrine described in this publication is applicable across unified land operations. The previous proponent manual for Cavalry Operations was FM 3-20.96, published 12 March 2010, which included operational considerations. This

publication provides doctrinal guidance for all formations assigned to the ABCT, the IBCT, and SBCT. The following is a summary of each chapter in the manual: Chapter 1 addresses the role of Cavalry in unified land operations and Cavalry organizations. Chapter 2 discusses understanding the threat, potential threat groups and threat characteristics. Chapter 3 addresses the operational environment, shaping, engaging, and influencing outcomes, and consolidating gains. Chapter 4 highlights the updated concepts of mission command in relation to commander's reconnaissance and security guidance, the operations process and information collection. Chapter 5 begins with an overview, followed by a detailed discussion of the fundamentals of reconnaissance, forms of reconnaissance, and reconnaissance handover. Chapter 6 begins with an overview, followed with the fundamentals of security operations,

counterreconnaissance, and the forms of security. Chapter 7 provides a short overview and then devotes a section to reconnaissance and security stability planning, stability principles and frameworks, and stability tasks. Chapter 8 describes sustainment for reconnaissance and security tasks, sustainment planning considerations for reconnaissance and security, sustainment considerations for reconnaissance and security and special sustainment consideration.

The Field Artillery Cannon Battery

Department of the Army 2017-08-20 Army Techniques Publication (ATP) 3-09.50, "The Field Artillery Cannon Battery," provides doctrinal guidance for commanders and subordinate leaders who are responsible for conducting cannon battery functions or tasks. It serves as an authoritative reference

for personnel responsible for developing: Doctrine (fundamental principles; tactics, techniques, and procedures) material and force Structure, Institution and unit training, Tactical standard operating procedures for cannon battery units.

Field Artillery Manual Cannon Gunnery

Department of the Army 2017-08-19 Training Circular (TC) 3-09.81, "Field Artillery Manual Cannon Gunnery," sets forth the doctrine pertaining to the employment of artillery fires. It explains all aspects of the manual cannon gunnery problem and presents a practical application of the science of ballistics. It includes step-by-step instructions for manually solving the gunnery problem which can be applied within the framework of decisive action or unified land operations. It is applicable to any Army personnel at the battalion or battery responsible to delivered

field artillery fires. The principal audience for ATP 3-09.42 is all members of the Profession of Arms. This includes field artillery Soldiers and combined arms chain of command field and company grade officers, middle-grade and senior noncommissioned officers (NCO), and battalion and squadron command groups and staffs. This manual also provides guidance for division and corps leaders and staffs in training for and employment of the BCT in decisive action. This publication may also be used by other Army organizations to assist in their planning for support of battalions. This manual builds on the collective knowledge and experience gained through recent operations, numerous exercises, and the deliberate process of informed reasoning. It is rooted in time-tested principles and fundamentals, while accommodating new technologies and diverse threats to national

security.
The Empathetic Soldier
Kevin R. Cutright
2022-02-07 This book shows the contribution that empathy can and should make to the proper conduct of war. US Army doctrine identifies empathy as an essential trait in soldiers; despite this endorsement of senior leaders, empathy's role in the military profession remains obscure. The notion of soldiers empathetically considering others, especially enemies, strikes many as counter to the nature of soldiering. Additionally, confusion caused by differing definitions of empathy often leads to its complete dismissal. This work clarifies the concept by considering recent philosophical, psychological, and neuroscientific research, and demonstrates the relevance of empathy to the tactical and strategic demands of war. Empathy amplifies soldiers' understanding

of human actors in an operational environment, enables soldiers' critical and creative thinking, and improves their overall intentions, planning, and assessments of a war's progress. While empathy can make soldiers more susceptible to the psychic wound of moral injury, it also helps prevent and overcome this injury. Instead of dismissing it, soldiers should assimilate empathy into their moral frameworks. This book will be of much interest to students of the ethics of war, psychology, and military studies generally.

Index of Training Publications United States. Department of the Army

Reconnaissance and Security Operations (FM 3-98) Headquarters Department Of The Army 2019-08-23 Field Manual FM 3-98 Reconnaissance and Security Operations, provides doctrinal guidance and direction for Cavalry organizations, as well

as reconnaissance and security organizations. This FM establishes the foundation for the development of tactics and procedures in subordinate doctrine publications. This publication applies across the range of military operations. While the main focus of this field manual is Cavalry formations within the units listed below, all maneuver formations must be able to conduct reconnaissance and security tasks. - Armored brigade combat team (ABCT) Cavalry squadron. - Infantry brigade combat team (IBCT) Cavalry squadron. - Stryker brigade combat team (SBCT) Cavalry squadron. - Battlefield surveillance brigade (BFSB) Cavalry squadron. - It is applicable to the- - Scout platoon of maneuver battalions. - Combat aviation brigade air squadron. Information Collection (FM 3-55) Headquarters Department Of The Army 2019-08-14 Field Manual (FM) 3-55, Information

Collection, provides the tactics and procedures for information collection and the associated activities of planning requirements and assessing collection, tasking, and directing information collection assets. It also contains the actions taken by the commanders and staffs in planning, preparing, executing, and assessing information collection activities. As the Army fields new formations and equipment with inherent and organic information collection capabilities, it needs a doctrinal foundation to ensure proper integration and use to maximize capabilities. The principal audience for FM 3-55 is all members of the profession of arms. Commanders and staffs of Army headquarters serving as joint task force or multinational headquarters should also refer to applicable joint or multinational doctrine concerning the range of military operations and joint or

multinational forces. Trainers and educators throughout the Army will also use this manual. *Technique of Fire of the Rifle Squad and Tactical Application* United States. Department of the Army 1963 *Military Strategy, Joint Operations, and Airpower* Ryan Burke 2022 This second edition of *Military Strategy, Joint Operations, and Airpower* introduces contemporary strategy at the operational level of war. Developed as foundational reading for all US Air Force Academy cadets, this textbook is designed to close the gap between military theory and practice. **The Engineer** 2011 Armed Conflict, Women and Climate Change Jody M. Prescott 2018-11-21 The gender-differentiated and more severe impacts of armed conflict upon women and girls are well recognised by the international community, as demonstrated by UN Security Council Resolution (UNSCR) 1325 on Women, Peace and

Security and subsequent resolutions. Similarly, the development community has identified gender-differentiated impacts upon women and girls as a result of the effects of climate change. Current research and analysis has reached no consensus as to any causal relationship between climate change and armed conflict, but certain studies suggest an indirect linkage between climate change effects such as food insecurity and armed conflict. Little research has been conducted on the possible compounding effects that armed conflict and climate change might have on at-risk population groups such as women and girls. *Armed Conflict, Women and Climate Change* explores the intersection of these three areas and allows the reader to better understand how military organisations across the world need to be sensitive to these relationships to be most effective in civilian-

centric operations in situations of humanitarian relief, peacekeeping and even armed conflict. This book examines strategy and military doctrine from NATO, the UK, US and Australia, and explores key issues such as displacement, food and energy insecurity, and male out-migration as well as current efforts to incorporate gender considerations in military activities and operations. This innovative book will be of great interest to students and scholars of international relations, international development, international security, sustainability, gender studies and law.

Reconnaissance Platoon Atp 3-20.98 Headquarters Department Of The Army 2013-11-12 United States Army manual for reconnaissance platoons. *Urban Operations* U. S. Department of the Army 2013-01-17 Doctrine provides a military organization with a common philosophy, a language, a purpose, and

unity of effort. Rather than establishing a set of hard and fast rules, the objective of doctrine is to foster initiative and creative thinking. To this end, FM 3-06 discusses major Army operations in an urban environment. This environment, consisting of complex terrain, a concentrated population, and an infrastructure of systems, is an operational environment in which Army forces will operate. In the future, it may be the predominant operational environment. Each urban operation is unique and will differ because of the multitude of combinations presented by the threat, the urban area itself, the major operation of which it may be part (or the focus), and the fluidity of societal and geopolitical considerations. Therefore, there will always exist an innate tension between Army doctrine, the actual context of the urban operation, and future realities. Commanders

must strike the proper balance between maintaining the capability to respond to current threats and preparing for future challenges. This manual provides the analytical tools for evaluating an urban operation to determine if the operation is necessary for overall mission success. It also provides the means to understanding and determining the impacts of the urban environment on military operations and provides information on managing, taking advantage of, and mitigating the effects of those impacts as appropriate. As such, this manual demonstrates how to apply the doctrinal principles in FM 3-0 to this unique environment.

*Army Techniques
Publication ATP 3-21.8
Infantry Platoon and
Squad April 2016 United
States Government US
Army 2016-05-23 This
publication, Army
Techniques Publication
ATP 3-21.8 Infantry
Platoon and Squad April*

2016, provides the doctrinal framework for all Infantry platoons and squads. It provides techniques for employment of Infantry platoons and squads in conducting decisive actions. The principle audiences for ATP 3-21.8 are commanders, staffs, and leaders who are responsible for planning, preparing, executing, and assessing operations of the Infantry platoon and squad. It serves as an authoritative reference for personnel developing doctrine materiel and force structure, institutional and unit training, and standard operating procedures (SOPs) for Infantry platoon and squad operations. Army Techniques Publication (ATP) 3-21.8 encompasses techniques for the Infantry platoons and squads of the Infantry, Stryker, and Armored brigade combat teams (I, S, and ABCTs). It replaces Field Manual (FM) 3-21.8, published in March 2007, Army Tactics Techniques, and

Procedures (ATTP) 3-21.71, published in November 2010, and ATTP 3-21.9, published in December 2010. ATP 3-21.8 provides doctrinal guidance; describes relationships within the platoon and squad; defines organizational roles and functions, capabilities, limitations; and lay outs the responsibilities for platoons and squads during unified land operations. The Infantry platoon and squad is an all-weather, all-terrain unit. Against this backdrop, the Infantry platoon and squad must be ready to adapt to various levels of conflict and peace in various environments. This requires bold, aggressive, resourceful, and adaptive leaders—leaders of character, competence and commitment - who are willing to accept known risks to accomplish the mission. Infantry leaders must use their initiative and make rapid decisions to take advantage of unexpected

opportunities. This publication addresses the significant changes in Army doctrinal terminology, concepts, and constructs and proven tactics, techniques, and procedures (TTPs):

- Chapter 1 - Organization
- Chapter 2 - Offense
- Chapter 3 - Defense
- Chapter 4 - Stability
- Chapter 5 - Movement
- Chapter 6 - Patrols and Patrolling
- Chapter 7 - Sustainment

Appendix A describes the process of troop leading procedures (TLPs). Appendix B describes direct fire planning and control. Appendix C describes indirect fire support planning. Appendix D addresses security. Appendix E describes vehicle employment considerations. Appendix F addresses machine gun employment. Appendix G describes and addresses shoulder-launched munitions (SLMs) and close combat missile systems (CCMS). Appendix H describes obstacle reduction and employment. Appendix I covers chemical,

biological, radiological, and nuclear (CBRN) operations. Appendix J describes 14 selected battle drills for both the Bradley and Stryker. ATP 3-21.8 applies to the active Army, the U.S. Army National Guard, Army National Guard of the U.S., and the U.S. Army Reserve unless otherwise stated. It is designed for platoon, squad and company level chains of command, company grade officers, senior and junior noncommissioned officers (NCOs), U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) institutions and components, and the U.S. Army Special Operations Command.

The U.S. Army/Marine Corps Counterinsurgency Field Manual John A. United States Army 2008-09-15

When the U.S. military invaded Iraq, it lacked a common understanding of the problems inherent in counterinsurgency campaigns. It had neither studied them, nor developed doctrine

and tactics to deal with them. It is fair to say that in 2003, most Army officers knew more about the U.S. Civil War than they did about counterinsurgency. The U.S. Army / Marine Corps Counterinsurgency Field Manual was written to fill that void. The result of unprecedented collaboration among top U.S. military experts, scholars, and practitioners in the field, the manual espouses an approach to combat that emphasizes constant adaptation and learning, the importance of decentralized decision-making, the need to understand local politics and customs, and the key role of intelligence in winning the support of the population. The manual also emphasizes the paradoxical and often counterintuitive nature of counterinsurgency operations: sometimes the more you protect your forces, the less secure you are; sometimes the more force you use, the less effective it is;

sometimes doing nothing is the best reaction. A new introduction by Sarah Sewall, director of the Carr Center for Human Rights Policy at Harvard's Kennedy School of Government, places the manual in critical and historical perspective, explaining the significance and potential impact of this revolutionary challenge to conventional U.S. military doctrine. An attempt by our military to redefine itself in the aftermath of 9/11 and the new world of international terrorism, The U.S. Army / Marine Corps Counterinsurgency Field Manual will play a vital role in American military campaigns for years to come. The University of Chicago Press will donate a portion of the proceeds from this book to the Fisher House Foundation, a private-public partnership that supports the families of America's injured servicemen. To learn more about the Fisher House Foundation, visit www.fisherhouse.org.

Army Techniques
Publication Atp 3-09.12
Field Artillery Target
Acquisition July 2015
United States Government
US Army 2015-08-06 This
publication, Army
Techniques Publication
ATP 3-09.12 Field
Artillery Target
Acquisition July 2015,
contains the techniques
used to employ and
manage field artillery
(FA) target acquisition
systems. It updates and
replaces information
formerly contained in
field manual (FM)
3-09.12 and incorporates
emerging techniques on
new equipment such as
the AN/TPQ-50 and
AN/TPQ-53 radars. It
also introduces the new
Army Structure of the
division artillery
(DIVARTY) and the field
artillery brigade (FAB).
The material contained
in this Army techniques
publication (ATP)
applies to all personnel
involved in the target
acquisition process. The
principal audience for
ATP 3-09.12 is maneuver
commanders and staffs,
FA commanders and
staffs, and target

acquisition personnel.
This is a complete
revision to Field Manual
(FM) 3-09.12, Tactics,
Techniques, and
Procedures for Field
Artillery Target
Acquisition, which
updates doctrine,
techniques, and deletes
obsolete information.
ATP 3-09.12 contains the
fundamental techniques
and guidance required
for planning,
coordinating, and
employing FA target
acquisition assets. It
provides current
information on how to
train and conduct
operations. It describes
the techniques currently
being used and known to
be effective. The
doctrine is consistent
with joint, multi-
Service, or other Army
doctrine. The goal of FA
target acquisition is to
identify and provide an
accurate target location
to the supported
maneuver commander to
allow for immediate
counterfire operations
against the target. This
publication describes
current and emerging
fires target acquisition

systems. Target acquisition systems include the following assets- weapon locating radars (WLR), counterfire operations, and target processing. It explains the techniques for employing radars, counterfire operations, and target processing. This publication describes techniques in non-prescriptive ways to accomplish the mission as stated in the operations order and to employ, maintain, and operate the WLR to locate the enemy indirect weapon systems. ATP 3-09.12 is divided into seven chapters and seven appendices: Chapter 1 Introduction to Field Artillery Target Acquisition. Chapter 2 Counterfire. Chapter 3 Technical Aspects of Weapon Locating Radar Employment. Chapter 4 Employment of Target Acquisition Systems. Chapter 5 AN/TPQ-36/37 Weapon Locating Radar Systems Characteristics. Chapter 6 AN/TPQ-53 Weapon Locating Radar

System Characteristics. Chapter 7 AN/TPQ-50 Weapon Locating Radar System Characteristics. Appendix A Automated Target Data Processing. Appendix B Friendly Fire Log. Appendix C Field Exercise Mode and Embedded Training. Appendix D Mask Considerations. Appendix E Support Requirement. Appendix F Tools and Procedures. Appendix G Rocket Artillery Mortar (RAM) Warn

Unified Action Partners' Quick Reference Guide
United States Army
2015-09-18 This quick reference guide describes U.S. Army organizations, planning, and operations. Unified action partners (UAPs) are those military forces, of the private sector with whom U.S. Army forces plan, coordinate, synchronize, and integrate during the conduct of operations (Army Doctrine Reference Publication 3-0, Unified Land Operations). UAPs include joint forces (activities in which elements of two or more U.S. military

departments participate), multinational forces, and U.S Government (USG) agencies and departments. The Iraq and Afghanistan wars highlight the necessity for collaboration, cooperation, and synchronization among USG, NGOs, and private sector agencies to focus the elements of national power in achieving national strategic objectives. Our experience in these conflicts accentuates the importance of foreign governments, agencies, and militaries participating, in concert with the United States, to achieve common objectives. Meeting the challenges of complex environments, infused with fragile or failing nation states, non-state actors, pandemics, natural disasters, and limited resources, requires the concerted effort of all instruments of U.S. national power plus foreign governmental agencies, military forces, and civilian

organizations. *Field Manual FM 3-21. 8 (FM 7-8) the Infantry Rifle Platoon and Squad March 2007* Department of the Army 2015-12-31 This field manual provides doctrinal framework for how infantry rifle platoons and squads fight. It also addresses rifle platoon and squad non-combat operations across the spectrum of conflict. Content discussions include principles, tactics, techniques, procedures, terms, and symbols that apply to small unit operations in the current operational environment.

Stryker Brigade Combat Team Weapons Troop (Atp 3-21.91 / Fm 3-21.91)

Department of the Army 2017-09-30 Army technique publication (ATP) 3-21.91 / FM 3-21.91, "Stryker Brigade Combat Team Weapons Troop," describes how the Stryker brigade combat team (SBCT) weapons troop and its platoons fight. This publication provides doctrine for employing the SBCT

weapons troop and its platoons. It contains guidance on techniques weapons troops and its platoons use in offensive, defensive, and stability tasks. The target audience includes leaders in the SBCT weapons troop, SBCT battalion and brigade level commanders, and staff officers.

Signal Support to Operations (FM 6-02)

Headquarters Department Of The Army 2019-09-17 Field Manual (FM) 6-02, Signal Support to Operations, is the premier Signal doctrine publication, and only field manual. FM 6-02 compiles Signal Corps doctrine into three chapters with supporting appendices that address network operations in support of mission command and unified land operations and the specific tactics and procedures associated with organic and nonorganic Signal forces. The fundamental idea of Signal Corps tactics is the employment and ordered arrangement of Signal

forces in a supporting role to provide LandWarNet across the range of military operations. The detailed techniques regarding the ways and methods to accomplish the missions, functions or tasks of the Signal Corps indicated in this FM will be addressed in supporting Army techniques publications (ATPs). Army forces operate worldwide and require a secure and reliable communications capability that rapidly adapts to changing demands.

ATP 3-09.30 Observed Fires (September 2017)

Army Publishing Directorate 2020-08-15 This publication supersedes ATP 3-09.30, Observed Fires dated 12 August 2013. Army Techniques Publication (ATP) 3-09.30 sets forth the doctrine pertaining to the organization, equipment, mission command, operations, and provides techniques for employing fire support assets as an observer which can be applied within the framework of

decisive action or unified land operations. It is applicable to any Army personnel observing for artillery or mortar fires, close air support, army attack aviation, or naval surface fire support. See ATP 3-09.32 for information on close air support, army attack aviation, or naval surface fire support. The principal audience for this publication is FA commanders, staffs, and personnel at the field artillery brigade (FAB), division artillery (DIVARTY), and brigade combat team (BCT) and separate FA battalions and below. *Sbct Infantry Rifle Company* Department of the Army 2017-08-10 Army Techniques Publication (ATP) 3-21.11, "SBCT Infantry Rifle Company," provides doctrinal framework for techniques for the Stryker brigade combat team (SBCT) Infantry rifle company within the SBCT. This ATP provides employment of the SBCT Infantry rifle company in decisive action. This

ATP provides doctrinal guidance for commanders, staff, and leaders who are responsible for planning, preparing, executing, and assessing operations of the SBCT Infantry rifle company. It serves as an authoritative reference for personnel developing, materiel and force structure, institutional and unit training, and standard operating procedures (SOP) for SBCT Infantry rifle company operations. Commanders, staffs, and subordinates ensure that their decisions and actions comply with applicable United States, international, and in some cases host-nation laws and regulations. Commanders at all levels ensure that their Soldiers operate in accordance with the law of war and the rules of engagement. *Ranger Handbook* Department Of The Army 2020-06-29 **Cyberspace and Electronic Warfare Operations (FM 3-12)** Headquarters Department

of the Army 2019-07-18
Field Manual FM 3-12 (FM
3-38) Cyberspace and
Electronic Warfare
Operations April 2017
Over the past decade of
conflict, the U.S. Army
has deployed the most
capable communications
systems in its history.
U.S. forces dominated
cyberspace and the
electromagnetic spectrum
(EMS) in Afghanistan and
Iraq against enemies and
adversaries lacking the
technical capabilities
to challenge our
superiority in
cyberspace. However,
regional peers have
since demonstrated
impressive capabilities
in a hybrid operational
environment that
threaten the Army's
dominance in cyberspace
and the EMS. The
Department of Defense
information network-Army
(DODIN-A) is an
essential warfighting
platform foundational to
the success of all
unified land operations.
Effectively operating,
securing, and defending
this network and
associated data is
essential to the success

of commanders at all
echelons. We must
anticipate that future
enemies and adversaries
will persistently
attempt to infiltrate,
exploit, and degrade
access to our
networks...

Army Techniques

Publication Atp 3-09.30 Observed Fires September

2017 United States
Government Us Army
2018-02 Army Techniques
Publication ATP 3-09.30
Observed Fires SEPTEMBER
2017 Army Techniques
Publication (ATP)
3-09.30 sets forth the
doctrine pertaining to
the organization,
equipment, mission
command, operations, and
provides techniques for
employing fire support
assets as an observer
which can be applied
within the framework of
decisive action or
unified land operations.
It is applicable to any
Army personnel observing
for artillery or mortar
fires, close air
support, army attack
aviation, or naval
surface fire support.
See ATP 3-09.32 for
information on close air

support, army attack aviation, or naval surface fire support. The principal audience for this publication is FA commanders, staffs, and personnel at the field artillery brigade (FAB), division artillery (DIVARTY), and brigade combat team (BCT) and separate FA battalions and below. Commanders, staffs, and subordinates ensure that their decisions and actions comply with applicable United States, international, and in some cases host-nation laws and regulations. Commanders at all levels ensure that their Soldiers operate in accordance with the law of war and the rules of engagement (See FM 27-10).

Army Support to Military Deception (FM 3-13.4)

Headquarters Department Of The Army 2019-07-18 This field manual aims to provide techniques to assist planners in planning, coordinating, executing, synchronizing, and assessing military deception (MILDEC).

While the means and techniques may evolve over generations, the principles and fundamentals of deception planning remain constant. FM 3-13.4 applies to all members of the Army profession: leaders, Soldiers, Army Civilians, and contractors. The principal audience for this publication is Army commanders, staffs, and all leaders. Commanders and staffs of Army headquarters serving as joint task force or multinational headquarters should refer to applicable joint or multinational doctrine concerning joint or multinational planning. Trainers and educators throughout the Army also use this publication as a guide for teaching MILDEC. Commanders, staffs, and subordinates ensure their decisions and actions comply with applicable U.S., international, and, in some cases, host-nation laws and regulations. Protection (ADP 3-37)

Headquarters Department of the Army 2019-10-09 ADP 3-37 Protection provides guidance on protection and the protection warfighting function. It establishes the protection principles for commanders and staffs who are responsible for planning and executing protection in support of unified land operations. The synchronization and integration of protection tasks enable commanders to safeguard bases, secure routes, and protect forces. The principal audience for ADP 3-37 is commanders and staffs. Commanders and staffs of Army headquarters serving as joint task force or multinational headquarters should also refer to applicable joint or multinational doctrine concerning the range of military operations and joint or multinational forces. In addition, trainers and educators throughout the Army will use this manual as a doctrinal reference for protection. Protection is

the preservation of the effectiveness and survivability of mission-related military and nonmilitary personnel, equipment, facilities, information, and infrastructure deployed...

The Infantry Rifle Platoon and Squad (FM 3-21. 8 / 7-8)

Department of the Army 2015-12-31 This field manual provides doctrinal framework for how infantry rifle platoons and squads fight. It also addresses rifle platoon and squad non-combat operations across the spectrum of conflict. Content discussions include principles, tactics, techniques, procedures, terms, and symbols that apply to small unit operations in the current operational environment.

Theater Army Operations
Department of the Army 2017-08-15 Doctrine provides a military organization with unity of effort and a common philosophy, language, and purpose. This manual, "Theater Army

Operations" (FM3-93), discusses the organization and operations of the theater army headquarters, including its role as the Army Service component command (ASCC) to the geographic combatant commander (GCC) and the relationships between the theater army headquarters and the theater enabling commands. The manual also discusses theater army responsibilities for setting the theater, Title 10 functions and responsibilities, generally referred to as the combatant commander's daily operations requirements, as well as the operational employment of the theater army's contingency command post (CCP) to directly mission command limited types of operations.

Army Aviation Maintenance (TC 3-04. 7)
Department of the Army
2012-07-02 Training circular (TC) 3-04.7 outlines requirements concerning aviation maintenance structure,

organizations, and functions. The intended audiences are aviation maintenance commanders, leaders, officers, technicians, noncommissioned officers (NCOs), and aircraft repair and maintenance personnel. TC 3-04.7 applies to all active, Army Army National Guard (ARNG)/Army National Guard of the United States (ARNGUS), United States Army Reserve (USAR), civilian, and contract maintenance personnel unless otherwise stated. Commanders must consider the contents of this document and the particular circumstances in which they find themselves (national military objectives, available forces, threat capabilities, and rules of engagements) when planning maintenance operations. The term 'aircraft' refers to all Army aircraft types (rotary-wing, fixed-wing, and unmanned aircraft systems [UAS]), unless a specific aircraft has been identified in this

publication.

Military Publications

United States.

Department of the Army
1977

Army Techniques

Publication ATP 3-20.15

MCRP 3-10B.1 Tank

Platoon July 2019 United

States Government Us

Army 2019-07-13 This

manual, Army Techniques

Publication ATP 3-20.15

MCRP 3-10B.1 Tank

Platoon July 2019,

encompasses techniques

for tank platoons of

armored brigade combat

teams (ABCTs). It

replaces ATP 3-20.15,

published in December

2012. ATP 3-20.15/MCRP

3-10B.1 provides

doctrinal guidance;

describes relationships

in the platoon; defines

organizational roles and

functions, capabilities,

limitations; and lay

outs the

responsibilities for

platoons during unified

land operations. The

tank platoon is a

unified team; all tanks

crews work together to

achieve mission success.

A single tank can be

vulnerable in the face

of diverse battlefield

hazards, such as enemy
forces or unfavorable
terrain and situations.

These vulnerabilities
are significantly

reduced when tanks are
employed as platoons.

The tank platoon

requires bold,
aggressive, resourceful,

and adaptive leaders-

leaders of character,

competence and

commitment-who are

willing to accept

prudent risks to

accomplish the mission.

This publication

addresses the

significant changes in

Army doctrinal

terminology, constructs

and proven tactics,

techniques, and

procedures.

Field artillery cannon

battalion United States.

Department of the Army

1979

Army Techniques

Publication ATP 3-20.98

Scout Platoon December

2019 United States

Government Us Army

2019-12-08 This manual,

Army Techniques

Publication ATP 3-20.98

Scout Platoon December

2019, provides framework

and tactical employment

principles and techniques for scout platoons of the Cavalry troops in the Armored brigade combat team; the Infantry brigade combat team, mounted and dismounted; the Stryker brigade combat team. ATP 3-20.98 also applies to the scout platoons of the combined arms battalion, the Infantry battalion, and the Stryker Infantry battalion. The principal audiences for ATP 3-20.98 are platoon leaders, platoon sergeants, section sergeants, and squad leaders. It also applies to Cavalry troop and squadron commanders and staff and maneuver battalion commanders and staff responsible for the planning, execution, or support of reconnaissance and security operations as well as instructors charged with teaching reconnaissance and security operations. ATP 3-20.98 uses joint terms where applicable. Selected joint and Army terms and definitions appear in both the

glossary and the text. For definitions shown in the text, the term is italicized and the number of the proponent publication follows the definition. ATP 3-20.98 applies to the Active Army, the Army National Guard/Army National Guard of the United States and the United States Army Reserve unless otherwise stated. **Foreign Humanitarian Assistance** Department of Defense 2019-07-19 Foreign Humanitarian Assistance, Joint Publication 3-29, 14 May 2019 This publication provides fundamental principles and guidance to plan, execute, and assess foreign humanitarian assistance operations. This publication has been prepared under the direction of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff (CJCS). It sets forth joint doctrine to govern the activities and performance of the Armed Forces of the United States in joint operations, and it provides considerations

for military interaction with governmental and nongovernmental agencies, multinational forces, and other interorganizational partners. Why buy a book you can download for free? We print the paperback book so you don't have to. First you gotta find a good clean (legible) copy and make sure it's the latest version (not always easy). Some documents found on the web are missing some pages or the image quality is so poor, they are difficult to read. If you find a good copy, you could print it using a network printer you share with 100 other people (typically its either out of paper or toner). If it's just a 10-page document, no problem, but if it's 250-pages, you will need to punch 3 holes in all those pages and put it in a 3-ring binder. Takes at least an hour. It's much more cost-effective to just order the bound paperback from Amazon.com This book includes original

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Army Techniques Publication Atp 3-36 (FM 3-36) Electronic Warfare Techniques December 2014
United States Government
US Army 2015-06-15 Army Techniques Publication ATP 3-36 (FM 3-36) Electronic Warfare Techniques December 2014 provides techniques for the application of electronic warfare in unified land operations. ATP 3-36 expands the discussion of the role of electronic warfare in cyber electromagnetic activities started in FM 3-38. The principal audience for ATP 3-36 is all members of the profession of arms. Commanders and staffs of

Army headquarters serving as joint task force or multinational headquarters should also refer to applicable joint or multinational doctrine concerning the range of military operations and joint or multinational forces. Trainers and educators throughout the Army will also use this publication. ATP 3-36 expands upon electronic warfare tasks, their role in unified land operations, and considerations specific to electronic warfare. It contains five chapters and three appendixes. Chapter 1 provides a brief description of the three divisions of electronic warfare, describes the key personnel involved in planning and coordinating electronic warfare, explains its relationship to cyber electromagnetic activities, and concludes with electronic warfare contributions to the integrating processes and continuing activities. Chapter 2

discusses the operations process and applying electronic warfare considerations. It provides guidance on preparing the electronic warfare running estimate. Chapter 3 addresses electronic warfare preparation, execution, and assessment. More detailed information is provided on the joint restricted frequency list, airborne electronic attack, and electromagnetic interference considerations. Chapter 4 looks at coordinating electronic warfare through the targeting process. Chapter 5 introduces joint and multinational electronic warfare staff structures and organizations, as well as, unique information security considerations when working with multinational organizations. Appendix A discusses electronic warfare forms and message formats. Appendix B provides information on calculating jammer

effectiveness. Appendix C describes electronic warfare equipment used by each of the Services.

Military Review 2015
Handbook for Tactical Operations in the Information Environment

Michael Schwille
2021-10-04 With its quick-reference format and series of illustrative vignettes, this handbook facilitates problem-solving and highlights how early-career officers in tactical units can contribute to operations in the information environment.

Index of Doctrinal, Training and Organizational Publications

United States. Department of the Army 1972-08

Mortars Fm 3-22.90

Department of the Army 2017-08-11 This publication, "Mortars" (FM 3-22.90), prescribes guidance for leaders and crewmen of mortar

squads. It concerns mortar crew training, and it is used with the applicable technical manuals (TMs) and Army Training and Evaluation Programs (ARTEPs). It presents practical solutions to assist in the timely delivery of accurate mortar fires, but does not discuss all possible situations. Local requirements may dictate minor variations from the methods and techniques described herein. However, principles should not be violated by modification of techniques and methods. The scope of this publication includes mortar crew training at the squad level. The 60-mm mortar, M224; 81-mm mortar, M252; and 120-mm mortars, M120/M121 are discussed, to include nomenclature, sighting, equipment, characteristics, capabilities, and ammunition.